



EG- Konformitätserklärung
im Sinne der EG- Richtlinien

Wir, die **Drüeke & Springob GmbH**
bahnstr.19
57439 Attendorn

bescheinigen hiermit in alleiniger Verantwortung, dass die

Produkt : Sparrenpfettenanker
Typen : 3110, 3112, 3114, 3116, 3118, 3120

auf das sich diese Erklärung bezieht, ausschließlich für Verbindungen bei
Holzkonstruktionen verwendet wird und den Anforderungen der EG-
Richtlinie

- **Bauprodukte- Richtlinie 89/106/EWG**

entspricht.

Die Übereinstimmung des Produktes mit den Bestimmungen der o.g.
Richtlinie wird durch die Einhaltung der Zulassungs- Leitlinie ETAG 015
für dreidimensionale Blechformteile nachgewiesen.

Das Produkt hat folgende Europäische Technische Zulassung:

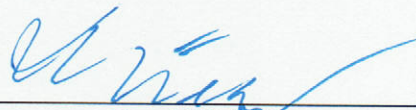
ETA-09/219

Die Produktionsüberwachung erfolgt durch das MPA Dortmund unter
folgender CPD-Nr.

0432 CPD 119538-06

28. Juni 2013

Ort, Datum


Geschäftsführer

**Leistungserklärung**

im Sinne der Bauprodukte-Verordnung (EU) Nr. 305/2011

1. **Kenncode des Produktes:**
Sparrenpfettenanker 3110, 3112, 3114, 3116, 3118, 3120
2. **Serien-/Chargennummer:** Siehe Etikett
3. **Verwendungszweck:** Dreidimensionale Holzverbinder für Holzbauwerke gem. Leitlinie ETAG 015
4. **Hersteller:** Drüke & Springob GmbH, Bahnstr. 19, 57439 Attendorn
5. **Bewertungssystem der Leistungsbeständigkeit:** 2+
6. **Notifizierte Stelle:** Karlsruher Institut für Technologie (KIT)
Baumeister-Platz 1, 76131 Karlsruhe
NB-Nr. 0769
Zertifikat Nr. 0769-CPR-6139/01
7. **Referenzdokument:** ETA-09-0219
8. **Erklärte Leistungen:**

Wesentliche Merkmale	Leistung	ETAG
Mechanische Festigkeit	ETA-09-0219	ETAG 015:2002
Brandverhalten Feuerbeständigkeit	Euroclass A1 KLE	ETA Abschnitt 2.2, EN 13501-1 ...
Hygiene, Gesundheit, Umweltschutz	Keine Gefahrstoffe	ETA, Abschnitt 2.3
Werkstoff	Bandstahl DX51D	EN 10346:2009
Korrosionsschutz/Dauerhaftigkeit	Stahl, feuerverzinkt, $\geq 275\text{g/m}^2$	EN 10346:2009, ETA Abschnitt 1 und Anhang A

9. **Erklärung:**
Das Produkt entspricht der o. a. erklärten Leistung nach Punkt 8.
Verantwortlich für die Erstellung der Leistungserklärung ist allein der Hersteller gem. Nr. 4.

31. Okt. 2014

Ort, Datum



Unterschrift



**Declaration of Performance**

in the sense of the Construction Products Order (EU) No. 305/2011

1. **Identification code of the product:**
Purlin tie 3110, 3112, 3114, 3116, 3118, 3120
2. **Series / batch number:** See label
3. **Intended use:** Three-dimensional wood connector for timber structures in accordance with directive ETAG 015
4. **Manufacturer:** Drüeke & Springob GmbH, Bahnstr. 19, 57439 Attendorn
5. **Evaluation system of the constancy of performance:** 2+
6. **Notified body:** Karlsruher Institut für Technologie (KIT)
Baumeister-Platz 1, 76131 Karlsruhe
Notified body No. 0769
Certificate No. 0769-CPR-6139/01
7. **Reference document:** ETA-09-0219
8. **Declared performances:**

Important characteristics	Performance	ETAG
Mechanical strength	ETA-09-02019	ETAG 015:2002
Fire behaviour Resistance to fire	Euroclass A1 KLE	ETA section 2.2, EN 13501-1 ...
Hygiene, health, environmental protection	No hazardous substances	ETA, section 2.3
Material	Steel strip DX51D	EN 10346:2009
Corrosion protection / durability	Steel, hot-dip galvanized, $\geq 275\text{g/m}^2$	EN 10346:2009, ETA section 1 and appendix A

9. **Declaration:**
The product is in accordance with the afore-mentioned performances under section 8.
Responsible for the preparation of the declaration of performance is solely the manufacturer in accordance with No. 4 above.

31. Okt. 2014

Place, date



Signature





ETA-Danmark A/S
Göteborg Plads 1
DK-2150 Nordhavn
Tel. +45 72 24 59 00
Fax +45 72 24 59 04
Internet www.etadanmark.dk

Authorised and notified according
to Article 29 of the Regulation (EU)
No 305/2011 of the European
Parliament and of the Council of 9
March 2011

MEMBER OF EOTA



European Technical Assessment ETA-09/0219 of 02/09/2014

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the ETA and designated according to Article 29 of the Regulation (EU) No 305/2011: ETA-Danmark A/S

Trade name of the
construction product:

Drüeke & Springob
Purlin Tie 170 right/left
Purlin Tie 210 right/left
Purlin Tie 250 right/left
Purlin Tie 290 right/left
Purlin Tie 330 right/left
Purlin Tie 370 right/left

Product family to which the
above construction product
belongs:

Three-dimensional nailing plate (Purlin tie for timber-to-timber connections)

Manufacturer:

Drüeke & Springob GmbH
Bahnstrasse 19
57439 Attendorn - Kraghammer
Tel. +49 02722 - 7771
Fax +49 02722 – 7922

Manufacturing plant:

Drüeke & Springob GmbH
Bahnstrasse 19
57439 Attendorn - Kraghammer

This European Technical
Assessment contains:

16 pages including 2 annexes which form an integral
part of the document

This European Technical
Assessment is issued in
accordance with Regulation
(EU) No 305/2011, on the
basis of:

Guideline for European Technical Approval (ETAG) No.
015 Three Dimensional Nailing Plates, April 2013, used
as European Assessment Document (EAD).

This version replaces:

The ETA with the same number issued on 2009-09-09
and expiry on 2014-09-09

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II SPECIFIC PART OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT

1 Technical description of product and intended use

Technical description of the product

D+S purlin ties right/left 170, 210, 250, 290, 330 and 370 are one-piece non-welded, face-fixed purlin ties to be used in timber to timber connections. They are connected to the timber elements by ringed shank nails.

The purlin ties are made from pre-galvanized steel DX 51 D / Z 275 according to EN 10346:2009 with $R_e \geq 295 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $R_m \leq 360 \text{ N/mm}^2$ and $A_{80} \geq 22\%$. Dimensions, hole positions and typical installations are shown in Annex A. Purlin ties are made from steel with tolerances according to EN 10143.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable EAD

The purlin ties are intended for use in making connections in load bearing timber structures, as a connection between a beam and a purlin, where requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Basic Work Requirements 1 and 4 of the Regulation 305/2011 (EU) shall be fulfilled.

The connection always contains two purlin ties (see Annex A).

The static and kinematical behaviour of the timber members or the supports shall be as described in Annex B.

The wood members may be of solid timber, glued laminated timber and similar glued members, or wood-based structural members with a characteristic density from 290 kg/m^3 to 420 kg/m^3 . This requirement to the material of the wood members can be fulfilled by using the following materials:

- Structural solid timber classified to C14-C40 according to EN 338 / EN 14081,
- Glulam classified to GL24-GL36 according to EN 1194 / EN 14080,
- LVL according to EN 14374,
- Parallam PSL,
- Intrallam LSL,
- Duo- and Triobalken,
- Layered wood plates,
- Plywood according to EN 636

Annex B states the load-carrying capacities of the purlin tie connections for a characteristic density of 350 kg/m^3 . For timber or wood based material with a lower characteristic density than 350 kg/m^3 the load-carrying

capacities of the nailed connection shall be modified by the k_{dens} factor:

$$k_{\text{dens}} = \sqrt{\frac{\rho_k}{350}}$$

where ρ_k is the characteristic density of the timber in kg/m^3 .

The design of the connections shall be in accordance with Eurocode 5 or a similar national Timber Code. The wood members shall have a thickness which is larger than the penetration depth of the nails into the members.

The purlin ties are primarily for use in timber structures subject to the dry, internal conditions defined by service classes 1 and 2 of Eurocode 5 and for connections subject to static or quasi-static loading.

The purlin ties can also be used in outdoor timber structures, service class 3, when a corrosion protection in accordance with Eurocode 5 is applied, or when stainless steel with similar or better characteristic yield and ultimate strength is employed.

The scope of the connectors regarding resistance to corrosion shall be defined according to national provisions that apply at the installation site considering environmental conditions and in conjunction with the admissible service conditions according to EN 1995-1-1 and the admissible corrosivity category as described and defined in EN ISO 12944-2

Assumed working life

The assumed intended working life of the purlin ties for the intended use is 50 years, provided that they are subject to appropriate use and maintenance.

The information on the working life should not be regarded as a guarantee provided by the manufacturer or ETA Danmark. An “assumed intended working life” means that it is expected that, when this working life has elapsed, the real working life may be, in normal use conditions, considerably longer without major degradation affecting the essential requirements.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

Characteristic	Assessment of characteristic
3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)*)	
Characteristic load-carrying capacity	See Annex B
Stiffness	No performance determined
Ductility in cyclic testing	No performance determined
3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)	
Reaction to fire	The purlin ties are made from steel classified as Euroclass A1 in accordance with EN 13501-1:2007+A1:2009 and EC decision 96/603/EC, amended by EC Decision 2000/605/EC
3.3 Hygiene, health and the environment (BWR 3)	
Influence on air quality	The product does not contain/release dangerous substances specified in TR 034, dated March 2012
3.7 Sustainable use of natural resources (BWR 7)	No Performance Determined
3.8 General aspects related to the performance of the product	
	The purlin ties have been assessed as having satisfactory durability and serviceability when used in timber structures using the timber species described in Eurocode 5 and subject to the conditions defined by service class 1 and 2
Identification	See Annex A

*) See additional information in section 3.9 – 3.12.

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical Assessment, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Regulation, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3.9 Methods of verification

Safety principles and partial factors

The characteristic load-carrying capacities are based on the characteristic values of the nail connections, the timber components and the steel plates. To obtain design values the capacities have to be divided by different partial factors for the material properties, the nail connection and the timber components in addition multiplied with the coefficient k_{mod} .

According to EN 1990 (Eurocode – Basis of design) paragraph 6.3.5 the design value of load-carrying capacity can be determined by reducing the characteristic values of the load-carrying capacity with different partial factors.

Thus, the characteristic values of the load-carrying capacity are determined also for timber failure $F_{Rk,N}$ (reaching the embedment strength of nails subjected to shear), $F_{90,Rk}$ (reaching the transverse tensile strength of the timber components) as well as for steel plate failure $F_{Rk,S}$. The design value of the load-carrying capacity is the smaller value of both load-carrying capacities.

$$F_{Rd} = \min \left\{ \frac{k_{\text{mod}} \cdot F_{Rk,N}}{\gamma_{M,H}}, \frac{F_{Rk,S}}{\gamma_{M,S}}, \frac{k_{\text{mod}} \cdot F_{90,Rk}}{\gamma_{M,H}} \right\}$$

Therefore, for timber failure and the nails connection the load duration class and the service class are included. The different partial factors γ_M for steel or timber, respectively, are also correctly taken into account.

3.10 Mechanical resistance and stability

See annex B for the characteristic load-carrying capacity in the direction F_1 .

The characteristic capacities of the purlin ties are determined by calculation assisted by testing as described in the EOTA Guideline 015 clause 5.1.2. They should be used for designs in accordance with Eurocode 5 or a similar national Timber Code.

Threaded nails (ringed shank nails) in accordance to EN 14592

In the formulas in Annex B the capacities for threaded nails calculated from the formulas of Eurocode 5 are used assuming a thick steel plate when calculating the lateral nail load-carrying-capacity.

The load bearing capacities of the brackets has been determined based on the use of connector nails 4,0 x 40 mm in accordance with the German national approval for the nails.

The characteristic withdrawal capacity of the nails has to be determined by calculation in accordance with EN

1995-1-1: 2004, paragraph 8.3.2 (head pull-through is not relevant):

$$F_{ax,Rk} = f_{ax,k} \times d \times t_{\text{pen}}$$

Where:

$f_{ax,k}$	Characteristic value of the withdrawal parameter in N/mm^2
d	Nail diameter in mm
t_{pen}	Penetration depth of the profiled shank including the nail point in mm, $t_{\text{pen}} \geq 31 \text{ mm}$

Based on tests by Versuchsanstalt für Stahl, Holz und Steine, University of Karlsruhe, the characteristic value of the withdrawal resistance for the threaded nails used can be calculated as:

$$f_{ax,k} = 50 \times 10^{-6} \times \sigma_k^2$$

Where:

σ_k	Characteristic density of the timber in kg/m^3
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The shape of the nail directly under the head shall be in the form of a truncated cone with a diameter under the nail head which exceeds the hole diameter.

The design models allow the use of fasteners described in the table on page 9 in Annex A

No performance has been determined in relation to ductility of a joint under cyclic testing. The contribution to the performance of structures in seismic zones, therefore, has not been assessed.

No performance has been determined in relation to the joint's stiffness properties - to be used for the analysis of

3.11 Aspects related to the performance of the product

Corrosion protection in service class 1 and 2.

In accordance with ETAG 015 the purlin ties are made from pre-galvanized steel DX 51 D / Z 275 according to EN 10346:2009 with $R_e \geq 295 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $R_m \leq 360 \text{ N/mm}^2$ and $A_{80} \geq 22\%$

3.12 General aspects related to the use of the product

Drüeke & Springob purlin ties are manufactured in accordance with the provisions of this European Technical Approval using the manufacturing processes as identified in the inspection of the plant by the notified inspection body and laid down in the technical documentation

The nailing pattern used shall be either the maximum or the minimum pattern as defined in Annex A.

The following provisions concerning installation apply:

The structural members – the components 1 and 2 shown in the figure on page 16 - to which the brackets are fixed shall be:

- Restrained against rotation.
- Strength class C14 or better, see section 1 of this ETA
- Free from wane under the bracket.
- The tensile perpendicular to the grain capacity of the timber member to be used in conjunction with the purlin tie is to be checked by the designer of the structure to ensure it is not less than the purlin tie capacity and, if necessary, the purlin tie capacity reduced accordingly.
- The gap between the timber members does not exceed 3 mm.
- There are no specific requirements relating to preparation of the timber members.

The execution of the connection shall be in accordance with the approval holder's technical literature.

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP)

4.1 AVCP system

According to the decision 97/638/EC of the European Commission¹, as amended, the system(s) of assessment and verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) is 2+.

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as foreseen in the applicable EAD

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited at ETA-Danmark

Issued in Copenhagen on 2014-09-02 by



Thomas Bruun
Managing Director, ETA-Danmark

Annex A

Product details and definitions

Table A.1 Materials specification

Purlin Ties Type	Thickness (mm)	Steel specification	Coating specification
right/left (170-370)	2,0	DX 51 D ¹⁾	Z275
¹⁾ $R_e \geq 295 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $R_m \leq 360 \text{ N/mm}^2$ and $A_{80} \geq 22\%$			

Table A.2 Dimensions

Purlin Ties Type	Length (mm)		Width (mm)	
	min	max	min	max
right/left	169	172	33,5	35,0
right/left	209	212	33,5	35,0
right/left	249	252	33,5	35,0
right/left	289	292	33,5	35,0
right/left	329	332	33,5	35,0
right/left	369	372	33,5	35,0

Table A.3 Fastener specification

Nail type	Nail size (mm)		Finish
	Diameter	Length	
According to EN 14592			
Threaded nail	4,0	40	Electroplated zinc

In the load-carrying-capacities of the nailed connection the capacities for threaded nails calculated from the formulas of Eurocode 5 are used assuming a thick steel plate when calculating the lateral nail load-carrying-capacity.

The load-carrying-capacities of the purlin ties have been determined based on the use of connector nails 4,0 x 40 mm in accordance with the German national specification for the nails.

The characteristic withdrawal capacity of the nails has to be determined by calculation in accordance with EN 1995-1-1:2004, paragraph 8.3.2 (head pull-through is not relevant):

$$F_{ax,Rk} = f_{ax,k} \times d \times t_{pen}$$

Where:

$f_{ax,k}$ Characteristic value of the withdrawal parameter in N/mm^2

d Nail diameter in mm

t_{pen} Penetration depth of the profiled shank including the nail point in mm, $t_{pen} \geq 31 \text{ mm}$

Based on tests by Versuchsanstalt für Stahl, Holz und Steine, University of Karlsruhe, the characteristic value of the withdrawal resistance for the threaded nails used can be calculated as:

$$f_{ax,k} = 50 \times 10^{-6} \times \rho_k^2$$

Where:

ρ_k Characteristic density of the timber in kg/m^3

The shape of the nail directly under the head shall be in the form of a truncated cone with a diameter under the nail head which exceeds the hole diameter.

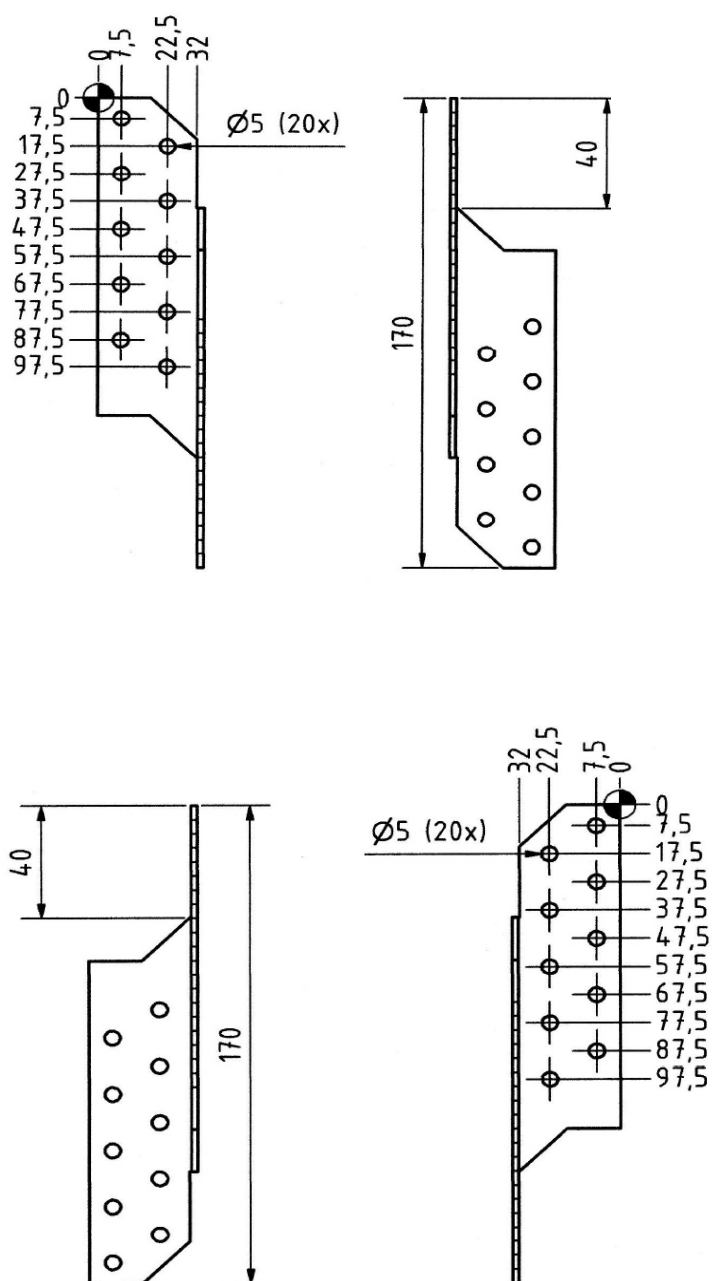


Figure A.1 Dimensions of Purlin Ties 170 right/left

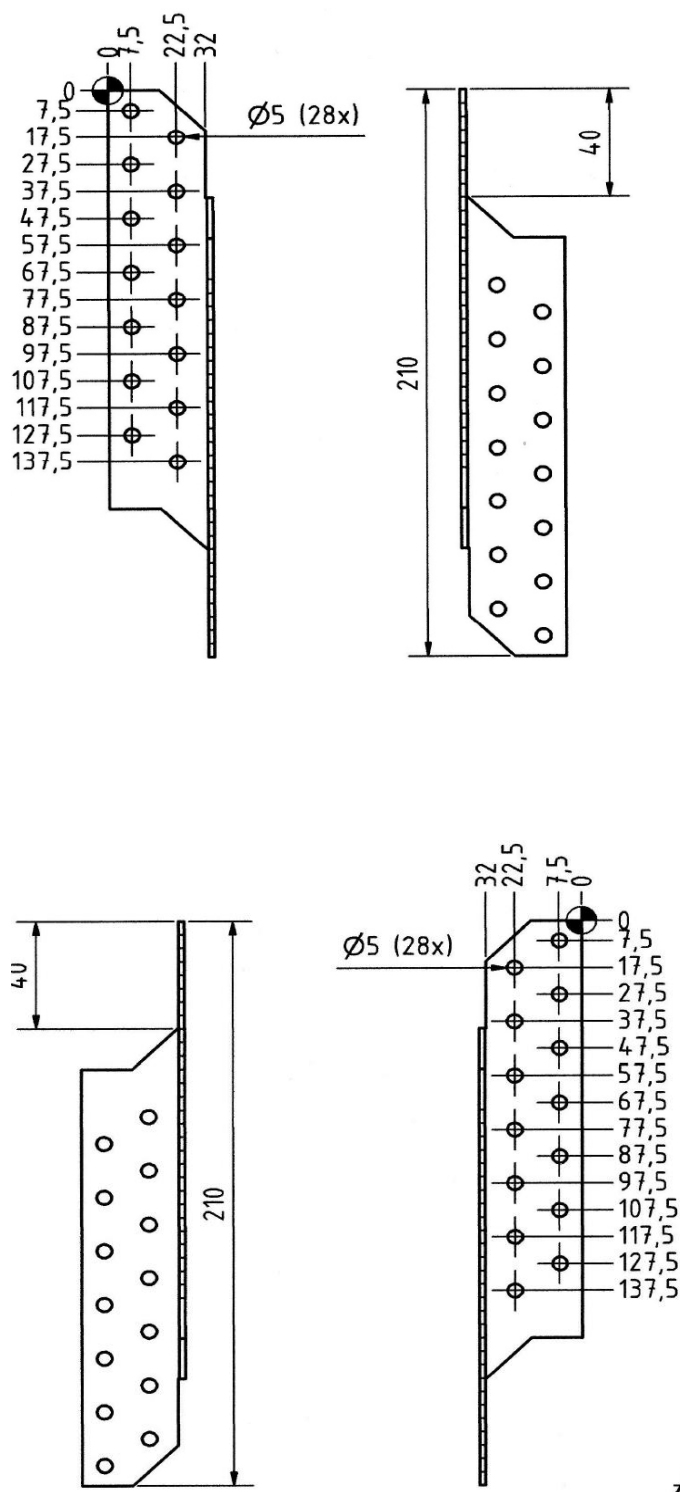


Figure A.2 Dimensions of Purlin Ties 210 right/left

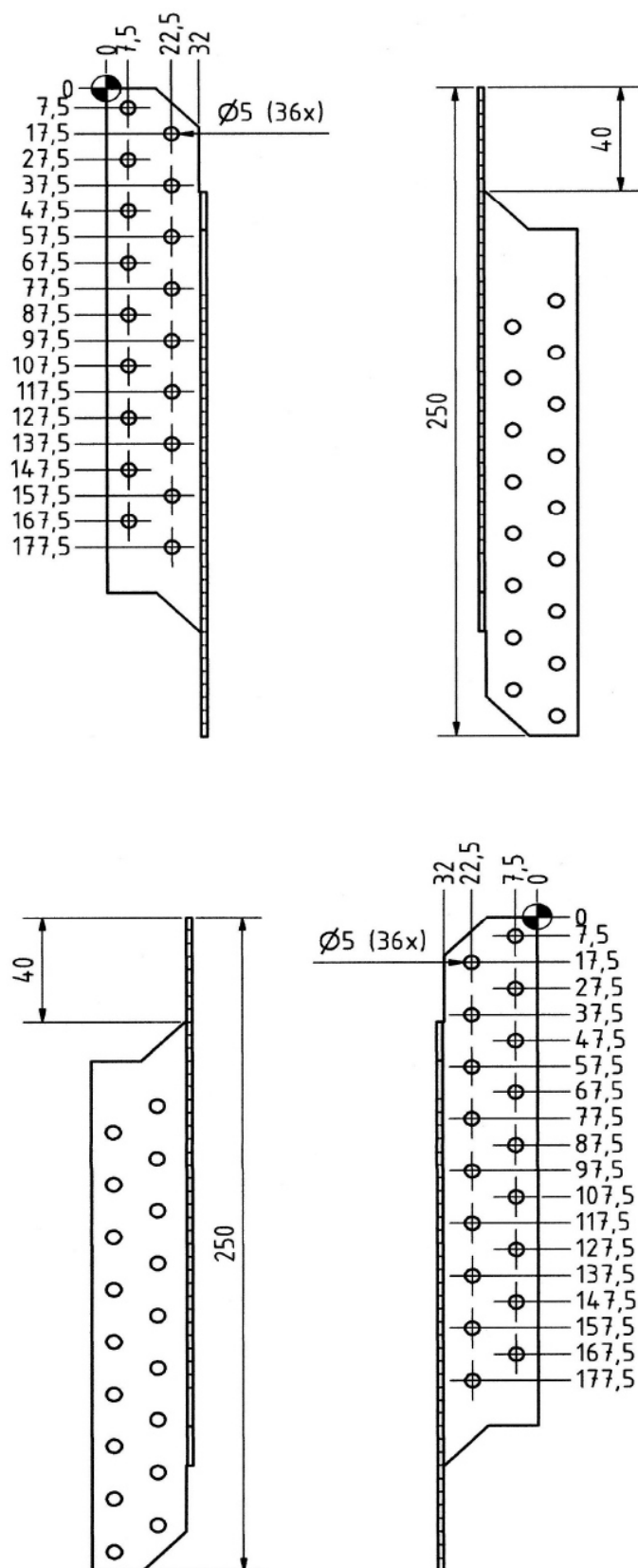


Figure A.3 Dimensions of Purlin Ties 250 right/left

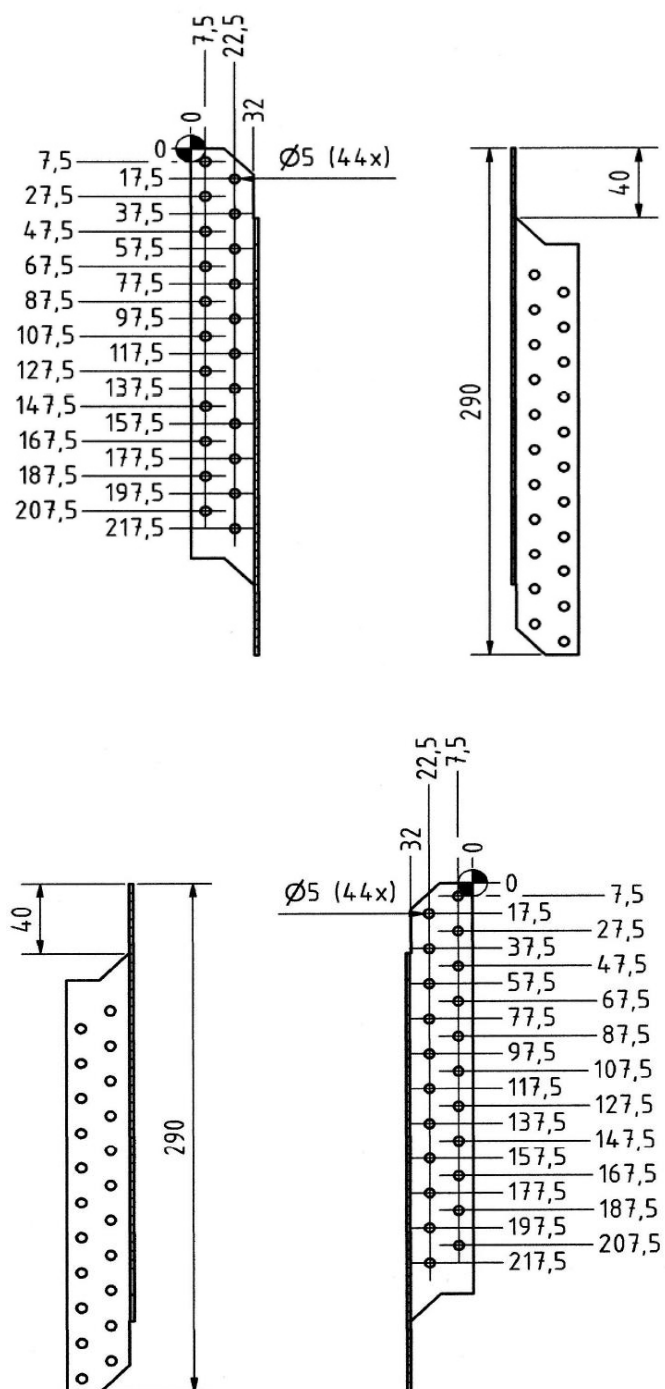


Figure A.4 Dimensions of Purlin Ties 290 right/left

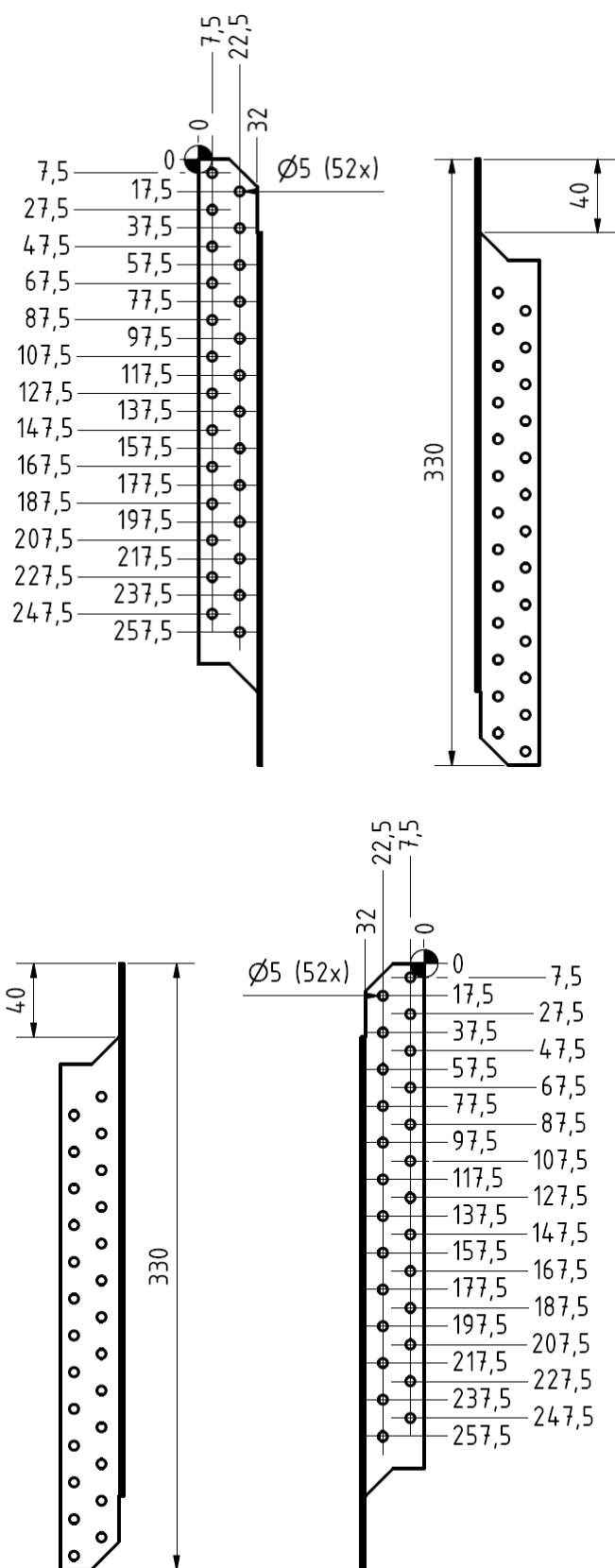


Figure A.5 Dimensions of Purlin Ties 330 right/left

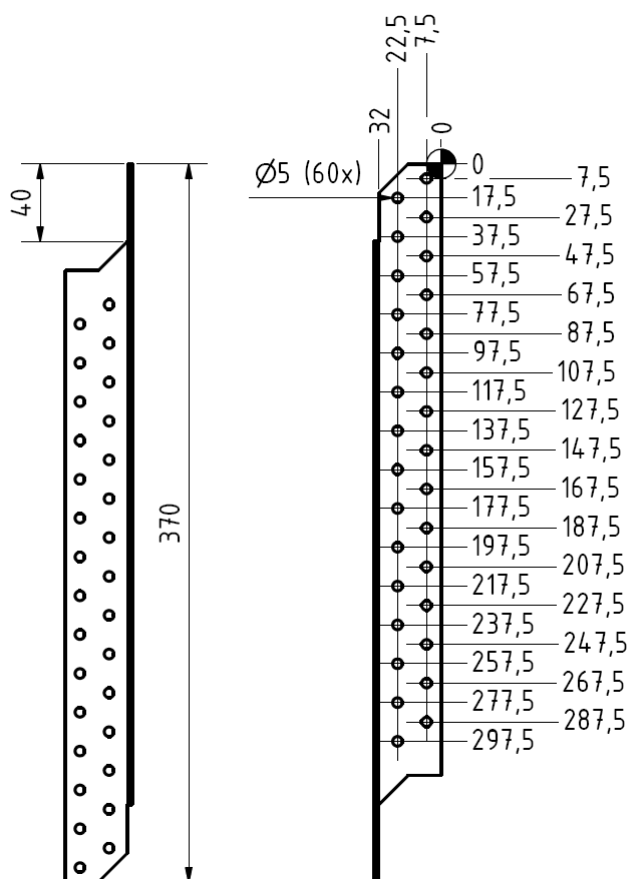
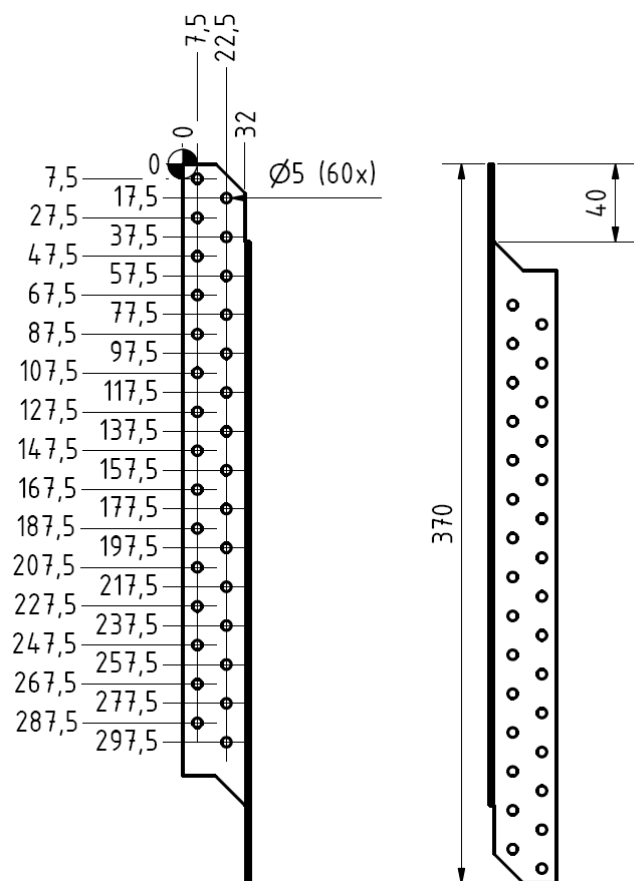


Figure A.6 Dimensions of Purlin Ties 370 right/left

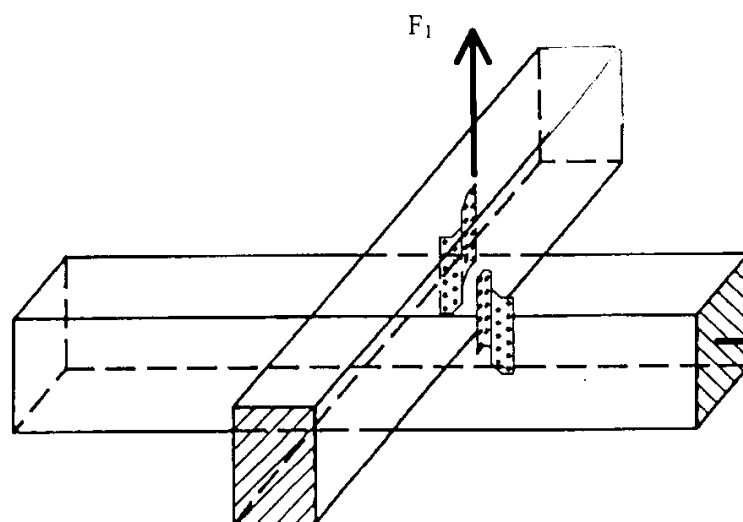


Figure A.7 Typical installation

Annex B

Characteristic load-carrying capacities

Support conditions

The distance between the timber elements in the area of the connection must not exceed 3 mm. The timber members are prevented from rotation.

Fastener specification

The holes are to be nailed beginning at the end of the purlin tie.

Wane

Wane is not allowed, the timber has to be sharp-edged in the area of the purlin ties.

Characteristic load-carrying capacities 2 purlin ties

Table B.1: Characteristic load-carrying capacities Load F_1 – 2 Purlin Ties / connection

Purlin Ties	Number of nails	Nail failure $FR_{k,N}$ [kN]	Steel failure $FR_{k,S}$ [kN]	Transverse tensile failure
right/left 170, 210, 250, 290, 330, 370	2 x 2	2,2	11,9	Design according to equation (B.1)
	2 x 3	3,4	11,9	
	2 x 4	5,5	11,9	
	2 x 5	8,5	11,9	
	2 x 6	9,9	11,9	
	2 x 7	13,9	11,9	
	2 x 8	15,3	11,9	
	2 x 9	19,7	11,9	
	2 x 10	21,4	11,9	
	2 x 11	26,0	11,9	
	2 x 12	27,9	11,9	

Splitting

For a lifting force F_1 splitting has to be proved, when necessary, for both timber elements. The capacity of a connection with two purlin ties on both sides of the timber element is calculated according to the general splitting design for connections with mechanical fasteners in EN 1995:2004.

$$F_{90,Rk} = 14 \cdot b \cdot \sqrt{\frac{h_e}{1 - \frac{h_e}{h}}} \quad (B.1)$$

Where:

- $F_{90,Rk}$ the characteristic splitting capacity in N
- b the member thickness, in mm
- h_e is the loaded edge distance to the centre of the most distant fastener in mm
- h the timber member height in mm

The design value of the force component perpendicular to the structural member's axis has to be lower than the design capacity $F_{90,Rd}$.



ETA-Danmark A/S
Göteborg Plads 1
DK-2150 Nordhavn
Tel. +45 72 24 59 00
Fax +45 72 24 59 04
Internet www.etadanmark.dk

Authorised and notified according
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No 305/2011 of the European
Parliament and of the Council of 9
March 2011

MEMBER OF EOTA



European Technical Assessment ETA-09/0219 of 2022/03/03

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the ETA and designated according to Article 29 of the Regulation (EU) No 305/2011: ETA-Danmark A/S

Trade name of the
construction product:

Drüeke & Springob
Purlin Tie 170 right/left
Purlin Tie 210 right/left
Purlin Tie 250 right/left
Purlin Tie 290 right/left
Purlin Tie 330 right/left
Purlin Tie 370 right/left

Product family to which the
above construction product
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Manufacturer:

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57439 Attendorn - Kraghammer
Tel. +49 02722 - 7771
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basis of:

EAD 130186-00-0603 for Three-dimensional nailing
plates

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2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document (hereinafter EAD)

The purlin ties are intended for use in making connections in load bearing timber structures, as a connection between a beam and a purlin, where requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Basic Work Requirements 1 and 4 of the Regulation 305/2011 (EU) shall be fulfilled.

The connection always contains two purlin ties (see Annex A).

The static and kinematical behaviour of the timber members or the supports shall be as described in Annex B.

The wood members may be of solid timber, glued laminated timber and similar glued members, or wood-based structural members with a characteristic density from 290 kg/m^3 to 420 kg/m^3 . This requirement to the material of the wood members can be fulfilled by using the following materials:

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- LVL according to EN 14374,
- Parallam PSL,
- Intrallam LSL,
- Duo- and Triobalken,
- Layered wood plates,
- Plywood according to EN 636

Annex B states the load-carrying capacities of the purlin tie connections for a characteristic density of 350 kg/m^3 . For timber or wood based material with a lower characteristic density than 350 kg/m^3 the load-carrying

capacities of the nailed connection shall be modified by the k_{dens} factor:

$$k_{\text{dens}} = \sqrt{\frac{\rho_k}{350}}$$

where ρ_k is the characteristic density of the timber in kg/m^3 .

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The scope of the connectors regarding resistance to corrosion shall be defined according to national provisions that apply at the installation site considering environmental conditions and in conjunction with the admissible service conditions according to EN 1995-1-1 and the admissible corrosivity category as described and defined in EN ISO 12944-2

Assumed working life

The assumed intended working life of the purlin ties for the intended use is 50 years, provided that they are subject to appropriate use and maintenance.

The information on the working life should not be regarded as a guarantee provided by the manufacturer or ETA Danmark. An “assumed intended working life” means that it is expected that, when this working life has elapsed, the real working life may be, in normal use conditions, considerably longer without major degradation affecting the essential requirements.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

Characteristic	Assessment of characteristic
3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)*)	
Joint Strength - Characteristic load-carrying capacity	See Annex B
Joint Stiffness	See Annex B
Joint ductility	No performance assessed
Resistance to seismic actions	No performance assessed
Resistance to corrosion and deterioration	See section 3.6
3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)	
Reaction to fire	The purlin ties are made from steel classified as Euroclass A1 in accordance with EN 13501-1 and Commission Delegated Regulation 2016/364
3.3 General aspects related to the performance of the product	
	The purlin ties have been assessed as having satisfactory durability and serviceability when used in timber structures using the timber species described in Eurocode 5 and subject to the conditions defined by service class 1 and 2
Identification	See Annex A

*) See additional information in section 3.4 – 3.7.

3.4 Methods of verification

Safety principles and partial factors

The characteristic load-carrying capacities are based on the characteristic values of the nail connections, the timber components and the steel plates. To obtain design values the capacities have to be divided by different partial factors for the material properties, the nail connection and the timber components in addition multiplied with the coefficient k_{mod} .

According to EN 1990 (Eurocode – Basis of design) paragraph 6.3.5 the design value of load-carrying capacity can be determined by reducing the characteristic values of the load-carrying capacity with different partial factors.

Thus, the characteristic values of the load-carrying capacity are determined also for timber failure $F_{Rk,N}$ (reaching the embedment strength of nails subjected to shear), $F_{90,Rk}$ (reaching the transverse tensile strength of the timber components) as well as for steel plate failure $F_{Rk,S}$. The design value of the load-carrying capacity is the smaller value of both load-carrying capacities.

$$F_{Rd} = \min \left\{ \frac{k_{mod} \cdot F_{Rk,N}}{\gamma_{M,H}}; \frac{F_{Rk,S}}{\gamma_{M,S}}; \frac{k_{mod} \cdot F_{90,Rk}}{\gamma_{M,H}} \right\}$$

Therefore, for timber failure and the nails connection the load duration class and the service class are included. The different partial factors γ_M for steel or timber, respectively, are also correctly taken into account.

3.5 Mechanical resistance and stability

See annex B for the characteristic load-carrying capacity in the direction F_1 .

The characteristic capacities of the purlin ties are determined by calculation assisted by testing as described in the EAD 130186-00-0603. They should be used for designs in accordance with Eurocode 5 or a similar national Timber Code.

Threaded nails (ringed shank nails) in accordance to EN 14592

In the formulas in Annex B the capacities for threaded nails calculated from the formulas of Eurocode 5 are used assuming a thick steel plate when calculating the lateral nail load-carrying-capacity.

The load bearing capacities of the brackets has been determined based on the use of connector nails 4,0 x 40 mm in accordance with the German national approval for the nails.

The characteristic withdrawal capacity of the nails has to be determined by calculation in accordance with EN

1995-1-1: 2004, paragraph 8.3.2 (head pull-through is not relevant):

$$F_{ax,Rk} = f_{ax,k} \times d \times t_{pen}$$

Where:

$f_{ax,k}$	Characteristic value of the withdrawal parameter in N/mm ²
d	Nail diameter in mm
t_{pen}	Penetration depth of the profiled shank including the nail point in mm, $t_{pen} \geq 31$ mm

Based on tests by Versuchsanstalt für Stahl, Holz und Steine, University of Karlsruhe, the characteristic value of the withdrawal resistance for the threaded nails used can be calculated as:

$$f_{ax,k} = 50 \times 10^{-6} \times \sigma_k^2$$

Where:

σ_k	Characteristic density of the timber in kg/m ³
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The shape of the nail directly under the head shall be in the form of a truncated cone with a diameter under the nail head which exceeds the hole diameter.

The design models allow the use of fasteners described in the table on page 9 in Annex A

No performance has been determined in relation to ductility of a joint under cyclic testing. The contribution to the performance of structures in seismic zones, therefore, has not been assessed.

No performance has been determined in relation to the joint's stiffness properties - to be used for the analysis of

3.6 Aspects related to the performance of the product

Corrosion protection in service class 1 and 2.

In accordance with EAD 130186-00-0603 the purlin ties are made from pre-galvanized steel DX 51 D / Z 275 according to EN 10346:2009 with $R_e \geq 295$ N/mm², $R_m \leq 360$ N/mm² and $A_{80} \geq 22\%$

3.7 General aspects related to the use of the product

Drüeke & Springob purlin ties are manufactured in accordance with the provisions of this European Technical Assessment using the manufacturing processes as identified in the inspection of the plant by the notified inspection body and laid down in the technical documentation

The nailing pattern used shall be either the maximum or the minimum pattern as defined in Annex A.

The following provisions concerning installation apply:

The structural members – the components 1 and 2 shown in the figure on page 16 - to which the brackets are fixed shall be:

- Restrained against rotation.
- Strength class C14 or better, see section 1 of this ETA
- Free from wane under the bracket.
- The tensile perpendicular to the grain capacity of the timber member to be used in conjunction with the purlin tie is to be checked by the designer of the structure to ensure it is not less than the purlin tie capacity and, if necessary, the purlin tie capacity reduced accordingly.
- The gap between the timber members does not exceed 3 mm.
- There are no specific requirements relating to preparation of the timber members.

The execution of the connection shall be in accordance with the approval holder's technical literature.

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP)

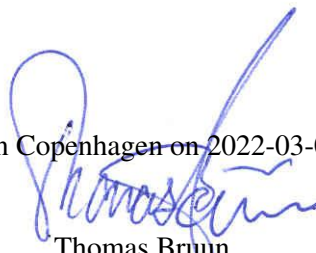
4.1 AVCP system

According to the decision 97/638/EC of the European Commission¹, as amended, the system(s) of assessment and verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) is 2+.

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as foreseen in the applicable EAD

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited at ETA-Danmark prior to CE-marking.

Issued in Copenhagen on 2022-03-03 by



Thomas Bruun
Managing Director, ETA-Danmark

Annex A

Product details and definitions

Table A.1 Materials specification

Purlin Ties Type	Thickness (mm)	Steel specification	Coating specification
right/left (170-370)	2,0	DX 51 D ¹⁾	Z275
¹⁾ $R_e \geq 295 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $R_m \leq 360 \text{ N/mm}^2$ and $A_{80} \geq 22\%$			

Table A.2 Dimensions

Purlin Ties Type	Length (mm)		Width (mm)	
	min	max	min	max
right/left	169	172	33,5	35,0
right/left	209	212	33,5	35,0
right/left	249	252	33,5	35,0
right/left	289	292	33,5	35,0
right/left	329	332	33,5	35,0
right/left	369	372	33,5	35,0

Table A.3 Fastener specification

Nail type	Nail size (mm)		Finish
	Diameter	Length	
According to EN 14592			
Threaded nail	4,0	40	Electroplated zinc

In the load-carrying-capacities of the nailed connection the capacities for threaded nails calculated from the formulas of Eurocode 5 are used assuming a thick steel plate when calculating the lateral nail load-carrying-capacity. The load-carrying-capacities of the purlin ties have been determined based on the use of connector nails 4,0 x 40 mm in accordance with the German national specification for the nails.

The characteristic withdrawal capacity of the nails has to be determined by calculation in accordance with EN 1995-1-1:2004, paragraph 8.3.2 (head pull-through is not relevant):

$$F_{ax,Rk} = f_{ax,k} \times d \times t_{pen}$$

Where:

$f_{ax,k}$ Characteristic value of the withdrawal parameter in N/mm^2

d Nail diameter in mm

t_{pen} Penetration depth of the profiled shank including the nail point in mm, $t_{pen} \geq 31 \text{ mm}$

Based on tests by Versuchsanstalt für Stahl, Holz und Steine, University of Karlsruhe, the characteristic value of the withdrawal resistance for the threaded nails used can be calculated as:

$$f_{ax,k} = 50 \times 10^{-6} \times \rho_k^2$$

Where:

ρ_k Characteristic density of the timber in kg/m^3

The shape of the nail directly under the head shall be in the form of a truncated cone with a diameter under the nail head which exceeds the hole diameter.

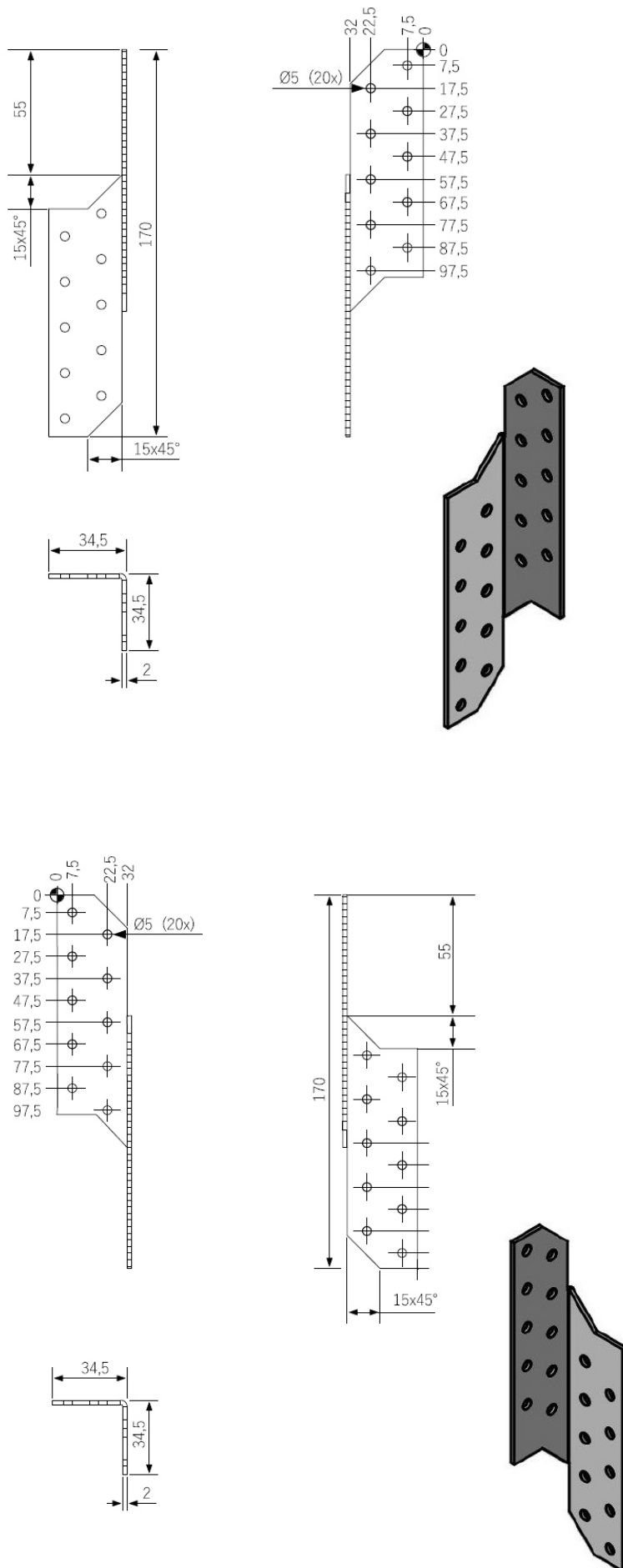


Figure A.1 Dimensions of Purlin Ties 170 right/left

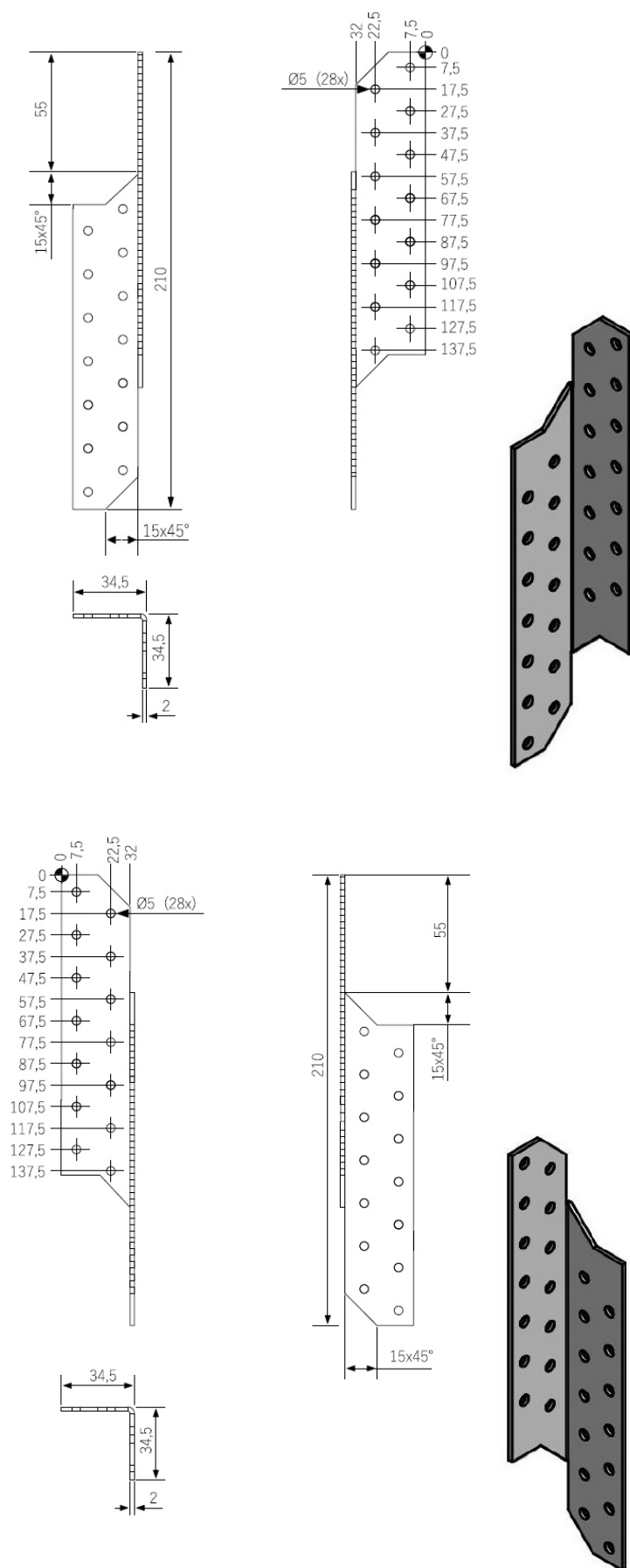


Figure A.2 Dimensions of Purlin Ties 210 right/left

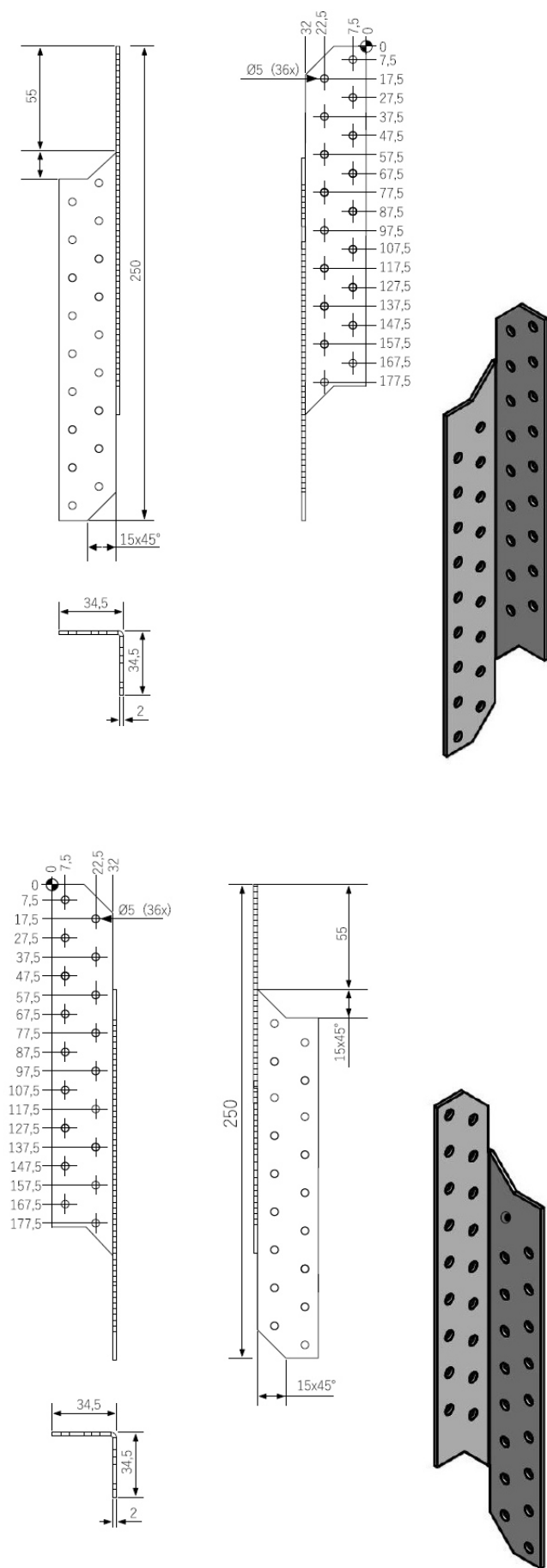


Figure A.3 Dimensions of Purlin Ties 250 right/left

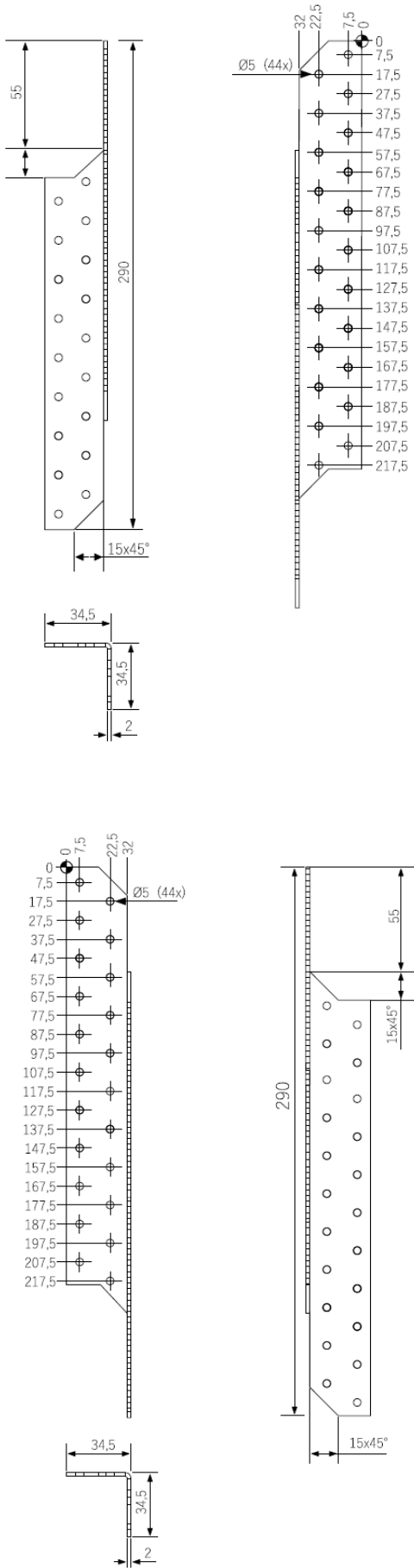


Figure A.4 Dimensions of Purlin Ties 290 right/left

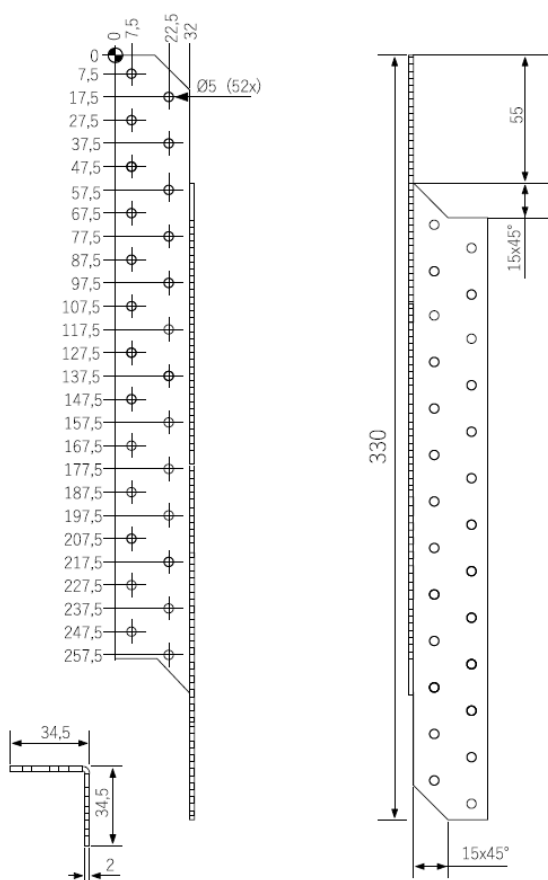


Figure A.5 Dimensions of Purlin Ties 330 right/left

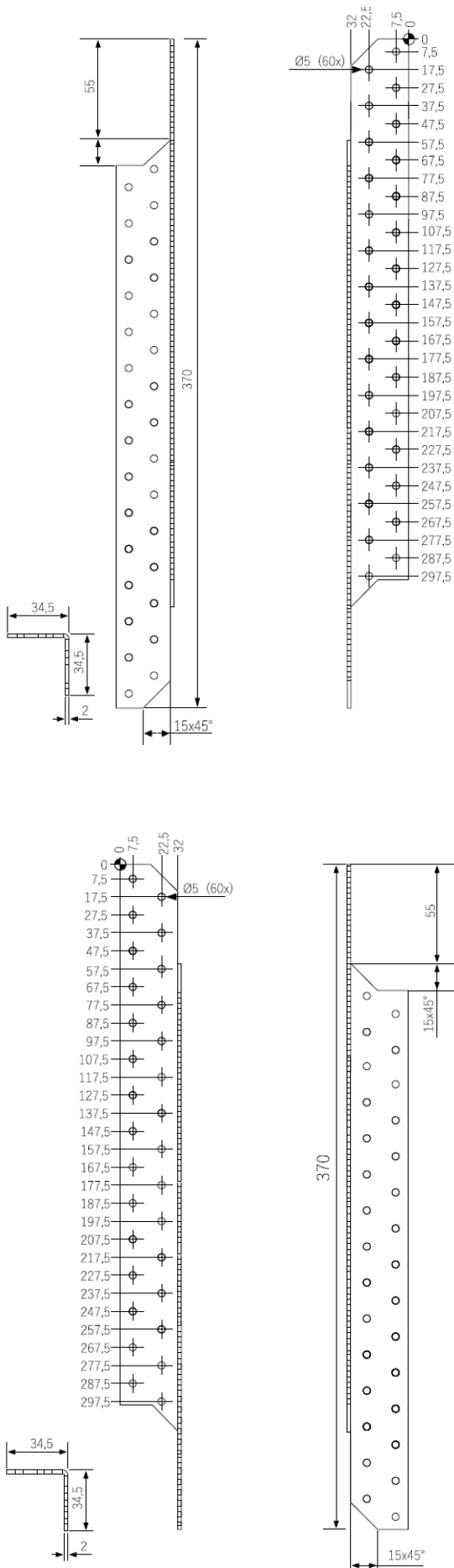


Figure A.6 Dimensions of Purlin Ties 370 right/left

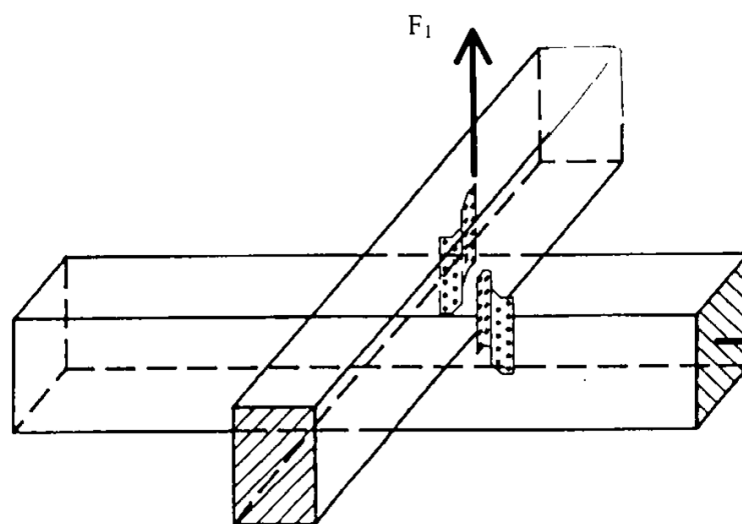


Figure A.7 Typical installation

Annex B

Characteristic load-carrying capacities

Support conditions

The distance between the timber elements in the area of the connection must not exceed 3 mm. The timber members are prevented from rotation.

Fastener specification

The holes are to be nailed beginning at the end of the purlin tie.

Wane

Wane is not allowed, the timber has to be sharp-edged in the area of the purlin ties.

Characteristic load-carrying capacities 2 purlin ties

Table B.1: Characteristic load-carrying capacities Load F_1 – 2 Purlin Ties / connection

Purlin Ties	Number of nails	Nail failure $FR_{k,N}$ [kN]	Steel failure $FR_{k,S}$ [kN]	Transverse tensile failure
right/left 170, 210, 250, 290, 330, 370	2 x 2	2,2	11,9	Design according to equation (B.1)
	2 x 3	3,4	11,9	
	2 x 4	5,5	11,9	
	2 x 5	8,5	11,9	
	2 x 6	9,9	11,9	
	2 x 7	13,9	11,9	
	2 x 8	15,3	11,9	
	2 x 9	19,7	11,9	
	2 x 10	21,4	11,9	
	2 x 11	26,0	11,9	
	2 x 12	27,9	11,9	

Splitting

For a lifting force F_1 splitting has to be proved, when necessary, for both timber elements. The capacity of a connection with two purlin ties on both sides of the timber element is calculated according to the general splitting design for connections with mechanical fasteners in EN 1995:2004.

$$F_{90,Rk} = 14 \cdot b \cdot \sqrt{\frac{h_e}{\left(1 - \frac{h_e}{h}\right)}} \quad (B.1)$$

Where:

- $F_{90,Rk}$ the characteristic splitting capacity in N
- b the member thickness, in mm
- h_e is the loaded edge distance to the centre of the most distant fastener in mm
- h the timber member height in mm

The design value of the force component perpendicular to the structural member's axis has to be lower than the design capacity $F_{90,Rd}$.

Zertifikat über die werkseigene Produktionskontrolle 0769-CPD-6074

Gemäß der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates der Europäischen Gemeinschaften vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte (Bauproduktenrichtlinie - CPD), geändert durch die Richtlinie 93/68/EWG des Rates der Europäischen Gemeinschaften vom 22. Juli 1993, umgesetzt in Deutschland durch das Bauproduktengesetz (BauPG) vom 28. April 1998, wird hiermit bestätigt, dass das Bauprodukt

Drüeke & Springob Purlin Tie 170, 210, 250, 290, 330, 370 - right/left
Three-dimensional nailing plate (Purlin tie for timber-to-timber connections)

erzeugt vom Hersteller

Drüeke & Springob GmbH
Bahnstrasse 19
57439 Attendorn - Kraghammer

im Herstellwerk

57439 Attendorn - Kraghammer

durch den Hersteller einer Erstprüfung der Produkte und einer werkseigenen Produktionskontrolle unterzogen werden und dass die notifizierte Stelle - Versuchsanstalt für Stahl, Holz und Steine - eine Erstinspektion des Werkes und der werkseigenen Produktionskontrolle durchgeführt hat und eine laufende Überwachung, Beurteilung und Anerkennung der werkseigenen Produktionskontrolle durchführt.

Dieses Zertifikat bestätigt, dass alle Vorschriften über die Bescheinigung der werkseigenen Produktionskontrolle, beschrieben in der

ETA-09/0219

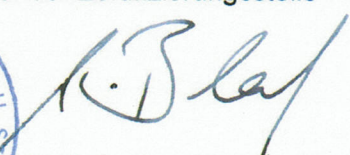
angewendet werden.

Dieses Zertifikat wurde erstmals am 28.06.2013 ausgestellt und gilt solange, wie die Festlegungen in der angeführten technischen Spezifikation oder die Herstellbedingungen im Werk oder die werkseigene Produktionskontrolle selbst nicht wesentlich verändert werden.

Karlsruhe, den 28. Juni 2013

Leiter der Zertifizierungsstelle




Univ.-Prof. Dr.-Ing. H. J. Blaß